



White Buffalo Inc.

Conserving Native Species and Ecosystems

Final Deer Management Report

Village of Cayuga Heights, New York

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Submitted by

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INTRODUCTION

Village of Cayuga Heights officials had voiced concerns over deer-vehicle collisions, risks of Lyme disease, and impacts to landscape vegetation because of a locally abundant deer population. The potential for the furtherance of these conflicts prompted Trustees to address the abundance of deer through research conducted by Cornell University in the early- to mid-2000s. After experiencing no relief, there was further discussion regarding management options. Thorough analysis and consultations revealed that there were no legal lethal methods available. Therefore, they decided to pursue a surgical sterilization research project that was conducted during in 2012-13 resulting in all females in the Village being captured and sterilized.

During fall of 2014 the NYS Legislature passed a law that reduced the discharge setback from occupied structures from 500 ft to 250 ft for crossbows, and 150 ft for archery equipment. This allowed legal access to private property for lethal management actions. After considerable discussion, the Trustees, in consultation with the Chief of Police, decided to pursue a highly structure depredation cull using archery equipment. This involved strategic use of bait to control deer movements and the most advanced crossbows to ensure humane treatment of animals. In winter 2016, the archery culling was followed by a surgical sterilization phase to address the remaining untreated females. The final year of the archery depredation culling program was implemented in 2017, because NYSDEC began to enforce a statute that prohibits placing bait within 300 ft of a roadway. Given this development, the only remaining lethal option was to opportunistically capture deer using remote immobilization equipment from roadways, then euthanize them via lethal injection while they were under anesthesia. During the first year (2018) of capture and euthanasia efforts 45 deer were removed from the Village. In 2019, 15 deer were removed; with a remnant population of <10 deer. In 2020, no deer management efforts were conducted due to the Covid-19 pandemic. In 2021, 21 deer were removed; with a remnant population of <10 deer. In 2022, 19 deer were removed; with a remnant population of <10 deer. In 2023, 14 deer were removed; with a remnant population of <10 deer. In 2024, 11 deer were removed; with a remnant population of <3 deer. The purpose of this report is to summarize the seventh year of the capture and euthanasia deer management program.



SITE DESCRIPTION

The Village of Cayuga Heights (VCH) contains a matrix of suburban and commercial development, parks, and other open spaces. The absence of any deer management, combined with fertile soils and good-quality habitat, allowed the local deer population to increase to a level incompatible with some land-use and human activities prior to our involvement. Although deer physical condition is not an issue, there is ongoing concern regarding numerous deer/vehicle collisions, Lyme disease risks, and damage to garden and landscape plantings. Camera surveys conducted by Cornell University documented a ~30% population decline one year after the surgical sterilization research project was initiated. After the conclusion of capture and euthanasia efforts in 2024 the population was maintained at <98% of the initial population size (i.e., ~225 deer reduced to <3 deer). The purpose of the capture and euthanasia management program is to maintain the local deer population at the very low densities achieved in 2019.

METHODS

We followed the permit conditions outlined in the NYSDEC Deer Damage Permit. We remotely immobilized deer using darting equipment from a vehicle with collaboration from the VCH Police Department. Deer were administered 250 mg Telazol (tiletamine HCl + zolazepam HCl) and 175 mg xylazine HCl. After deer were sufficiently anesthetized, they were retrieved from the field and transported to a designated location to be euthanized using a lethal IV injection of potassium chloride.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Deer capture and euthanasia activities were conducted from 28-30 April 2025. We removed 17 deer from the Village during three nights of operations (see Table 1). There were <7 deer remaining in the Village at the completion of operations. A complete list of the deer lethally removed can be found in Appendix A.

Sixty-five percent of the harvest was female. If culling efforts were not conducted this year the population would have increased significantly through immigration and fawning this spring. In contrast, we have maintained the low densities achieved in 2019.

Table 1. Sex and age class of deer captured and euthanized in the Village of Cayuga Heights, New York from 28-30 April 2025.



AGE	# MALE (%)	# FEMALE (%)	# COMBINED (%)
Yearling/Adult	5 (29)	10 (59)	15 (88)
Fawns	1 (6)	1 (6)	2 (12)
Total	6 (35)	11 (65)	17 (100)

Our continued inability to use bait legally leaves the Village leadership with only one option to maintain the local deer population. Given the past six years of successful capture and euthanasia removal, we recommend that the Village continue using capture and euthanasia or the population will increase given the documented rates of immigration. The capture and euthanasia approach also eliminates the need for future sterilization efforts, given the capture methods are the same.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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APPENDIX A. Deer Harvest Data 28-30 April 2025, Cayuga Heights, NY

Date	Carcass Tag #	Age	Sex	Location
4/28/25	23201	Adult	Female	Hanshaw Road
4/28/25	23202	Fawn	Male	Hanshaw Road
4/28/25	23203	Fawn	Female	Renwick Drive
4/28/25	23204	Adult	Female	Renwick Drive
4/28/25	23205	Adult	Male	Renwick Drive
4/28/25	23206	Adult	Male	Renwick Drive
4/28/25	23207	Adult	Male	Wycoff Road
4/28/25	23208	Adult	Male	Wycoff Road
4/28/25	23209	Adult	Female	Wycoff Road
4/28/25	23210	Adult	Female	Wycoff Road
4/29/25	23211	Adult	Female	Highgate Road
4/29/25	23212	Adult	Female	Highgate Road
4/29/25	23213	Adult	Male	Highland Road
4/29/25	23214	Adult	Female	Highgate Road
4/29/25	23215	Adult	Female	Highgate Road
4/30/25	23216	Adult	Female	Highland Road
4/30/25	23217	Adult	Female	Highland Road